Hvordan skaber vi strategier for fremtidens bæredygtige idrætsmiljøer i Odense

Workshop 3
17/11-2021
Odense Talentudvikling



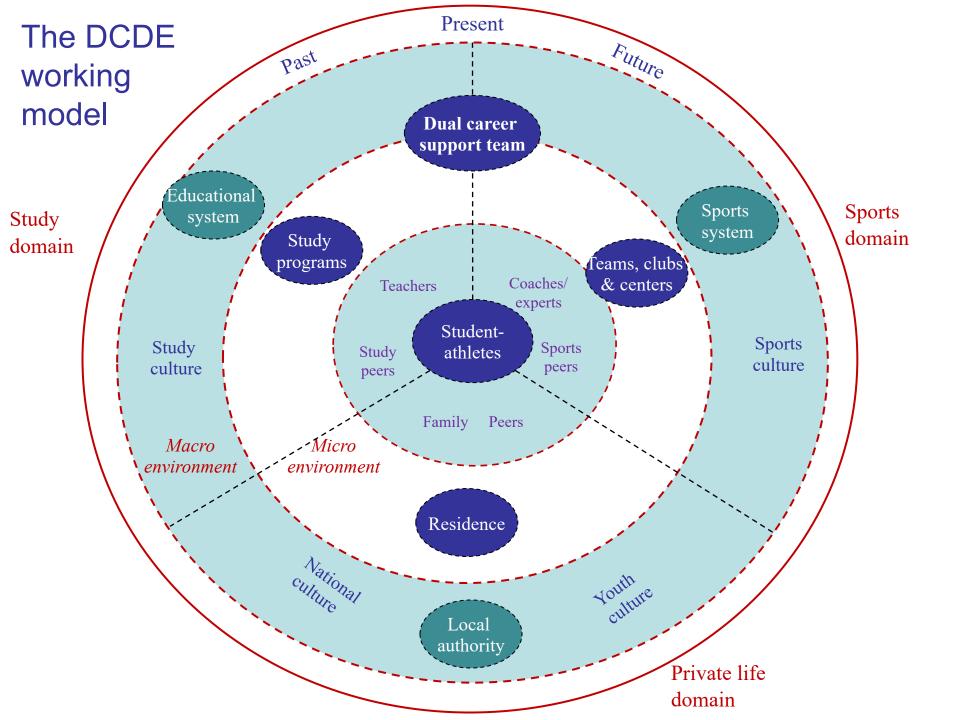


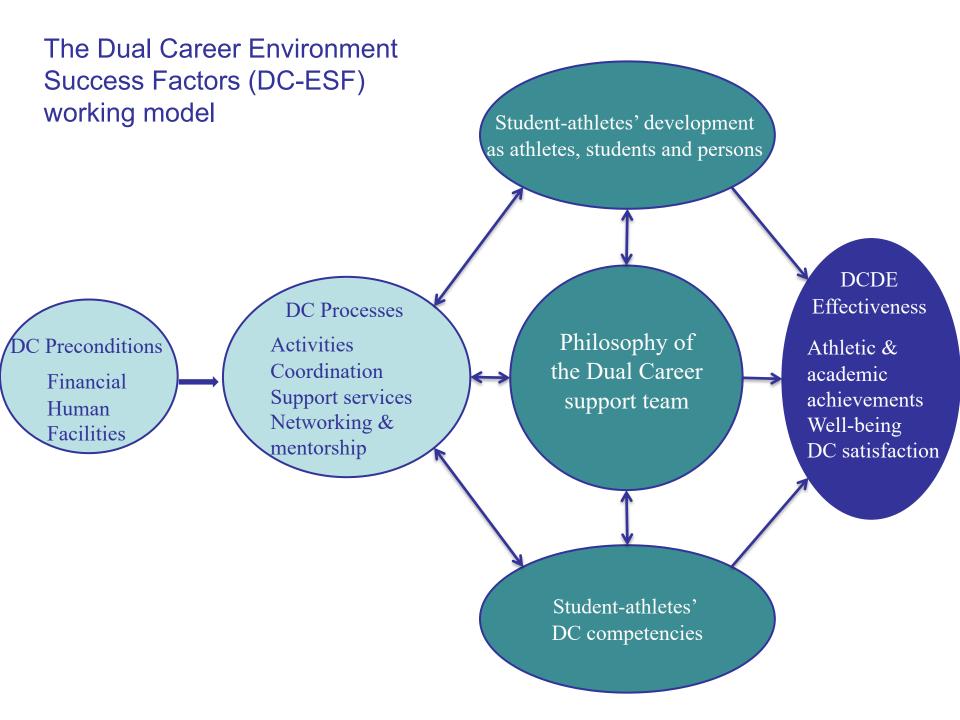


Formål: At <u>bruge nyeste viden</u> om dual career med <u>fokus på</u> <u>udviklingsmiljøer og mental</u> <u>sundhed</u>, og bruge inspirationen fra kommunens øvrige idrætsmiljøer, samt nye perspektiver på eget miljø til at forme fremtidens samspil i Odense Kommune.

Opsummering

- Mental sundhed og præstation udelukker ikke hinanden.
- Dual career kan, når det er veltilrettelagt, øge trivsel og mental sundhed.
- Optimal dual career balance kræver personlige kompetencer og eksterne ressourcer.
- Der er forskel mellem k
 øn og sport i forventninger til den optimale balance.











At identificere ligheder (og forskelle) mellem syv dual career udviklingsmiljøer baseret på en crosscase analyse af syv europæiske





lande.

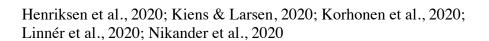








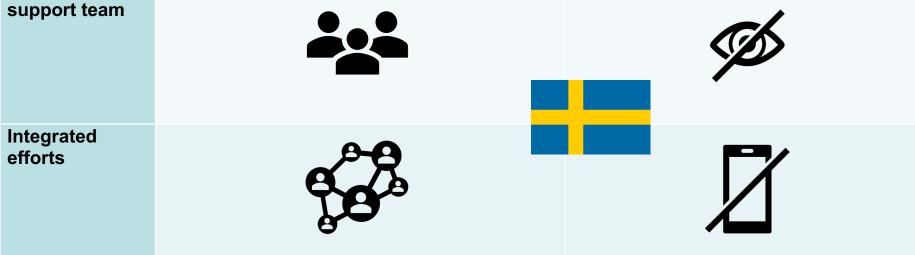




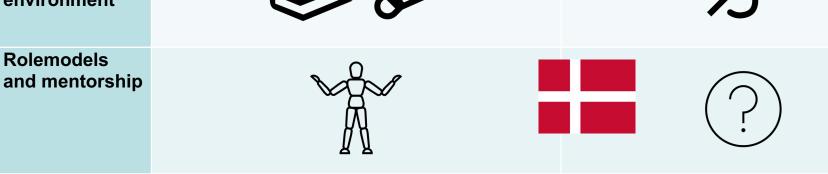




Holistic Structure Descriptors Dedicated DC Descriptors Descriptors Descriptors







Access to expert support

Holistic Structure

	Descriptors	Opposite Poles
Dedicated DC support team	Designated team (or person) responsible for coordinating sport and study domains. One central entry point. Helping student-athletes manage their DC is everybody's business (e.g., coaches, teachers), but the responsibility to coordinate lies with the support team.	Multiple contact points leave DC athletes uncertain about who to approach for assistance with DC issues. DC athletes are sent to multiple people in the system and feel no one has overall responsibility.
Integrated	Coordination and communication across the sport,	Lack of communication. Conflicting interests. DC

Coordination and communication across the sport, study and private domains. Coaches, teachers, family, DC support providers etc. have on-going communication. Micro and macro levels are linked through networks. Student-athletes experience concordance in daily life. Lack of communication. Conflicting interests. DC athletes experience contradicting priorities in daily life - for example, when coaches advise athletes to primarily focus on their sport and teachers on their studies.

Understanding and support study at different times. Family, coaches, teachers, peers and others understand, acknowledge, and support the athletes' dedication to combining sport and study.

Lack of understanding of the demands involved in pursuing a dual career. Academic staff considers sport as a barrier to education. Sport staff and teammates consider studies as a barrier to sport performance.

Rolemodels and mentorship

The presence of persons who DC athletes can be guided by in the form of direct mentorship or observational learning. Opportunities to learn from other DC athletes. Inspirational narratives from other DC athletes.

Impermeable boundaries between DC athletes across sports or across levels of sport or education. Athletes regard other athletes as rivals and are unwilling to share. Successful DC stories are not told for inspiration.

Access to
expert support

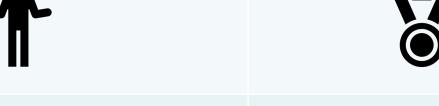
Access to experts and services, such as nutrition,
physiotherapy, sport psychology, and medical services
(through the sport or study domain). DC support team
knows how to help the DC athletes get access when
needed.

Inspiration.

No access to experts. DC athletes who need expert support do not know how to get this help.

Shared Dual Career Philosophy Descriptors Opposite Poles





An empowerment approach	<··>

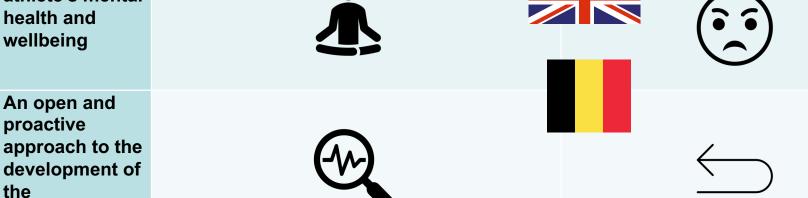












environment

Shared Dual Career Philosophy

	Descriptors
A whole person approach	Acknowledgement that all domains influence DC athletes' lives. Developing the athletes holistically. People from one domain take an interest in the athlet experiences, challenges, and learning in the other domains.

Opposite Poles

People in the sport domain see the athletes as athletes, and people in the study domain see students as students.

An empowerment approach

Opportunities for DC athletes to develop competencies and resources to manage their own dual career and become autonomous. Increasing empowerment of the athletes.

Recognition that DC athletes require individualized

on DC competencies. Excessive control. No active involvement of DC athletes in key decisions regarding their own DCs.

Focus only on sport and study specific skills and not

Flexible DC solutions

solutions, including sport and / or academic flexibility. Education based DCDEs allow for extra focus on sport when needed. Sport based DCDEs allow for extra focus on education when needed.

Dual career initiatives and services are fixed. Support services are not appropriately contextualized to the different sport and to the needs of individual athletes. Academic and sport staff compete for the limited time DC athletes have.

Care of DC athlete's mental health and

wellbeing

Dual careers are managed in a socially responsible manner. Recognition of responsibility for athlete wellbeing. Ethical conduct guidelines and support systems (e.g., referral systems) are embedded in policies.

No recognition of responsibility for athletes' mental health. Gladiator philosophy that sport is hard, and athletes should toughen up. Staff colludes when they learn of inappropriate practices. No policies in place.

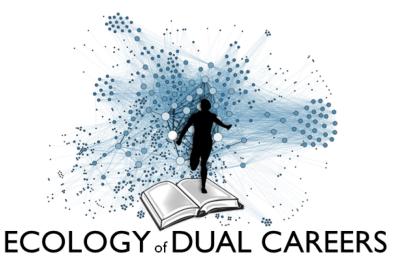
An open and proactive approach to the development of the

environment

Dual career support providers engage in on-going development of their environment and their own competencies through e.g., further education, reading scientific literature, on-going evaluation of services, visits to other DCDEs, and involvement in research projects.

Lack of time for on-going professional development and evaluation. There may be knowledge sharing within the team but no expansion of horizons. Seeing other DCDEs as rivals.





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